

1, 2, 3

931

서 론

plaque

1)

plaque

2)3)

가 가

가

4-7)

80% plaque

가

8)

(infarct - related artery)

(infarct - related artery)

ery)

관동맥 조영술

5.6 ± 3.2 (1 14)

caliper

대 상 및 방법

대 상

22 (19)

51 ± 9 (33 70)

15

(Urokinase 9 , recombinant tissue plasminogen activator 6)

12

0.1 mV ST

Baby aspirin 200 mg , enteric coated pallet aspirin(Astrix®) 100 mg

heparin

partital thromboplastin time(PTT)

2 3 2 3

manual , automatic

pullback device

fluoroscope

off - line

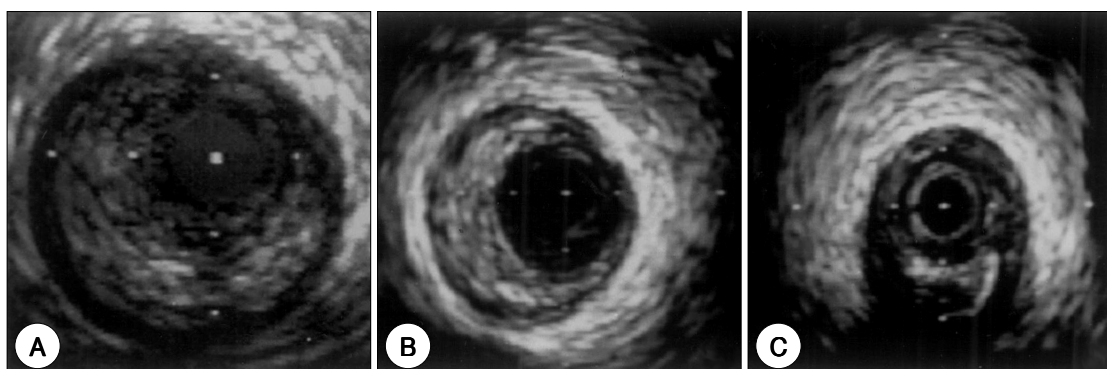


Fig. 1. Morphological characteristics of the plaque according to echogenicity and calcification.
A : Low echogenicity of the plaque suggestive of soft plaque B : High echogenicity of the plaque suggestive of hard plaque
C : Curved high echogenicity in the plaque with the acoustic shadowing suggestive of calcified plaque

super VHS videotape
 30 MHz 2.9
 F(French) MicroView 3.2 F MicroRail(Cardio-vascular Imaging System Inc., Sunnyvale, CA)
 2.9/3.2 F UltraCross(Boston Scientific Co., Boston, MA) 20 MHz 3.4 F Vision Five - 64(Endosonics Co., Pleasanton, CA)
 elastic membrane(' EEM ')
 (cross - sectional area, ' CSA ')
 (media)
 plaque (' P + M ')
 plaque ,
 EEM⁹⁾

혈관내 초음파 영상 분석

(eccentricity index) pla-
 que
 3.0

(infarct - related artery)
 (lumen) external Plaque

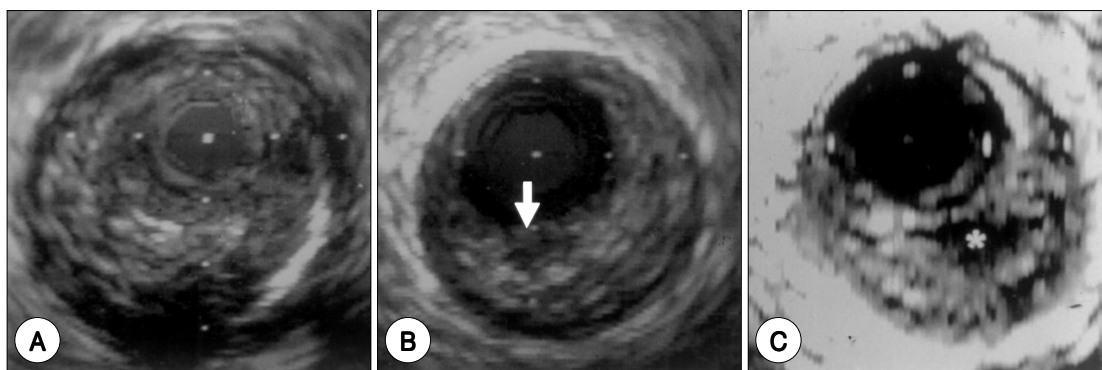


Fig. 2. Discontinuation of luminal border of the plaque (A), slight depression on a portion of luminal border of the plaque without definite discontinuation (B, arrow), and low echogenicity within plaque (C, *).

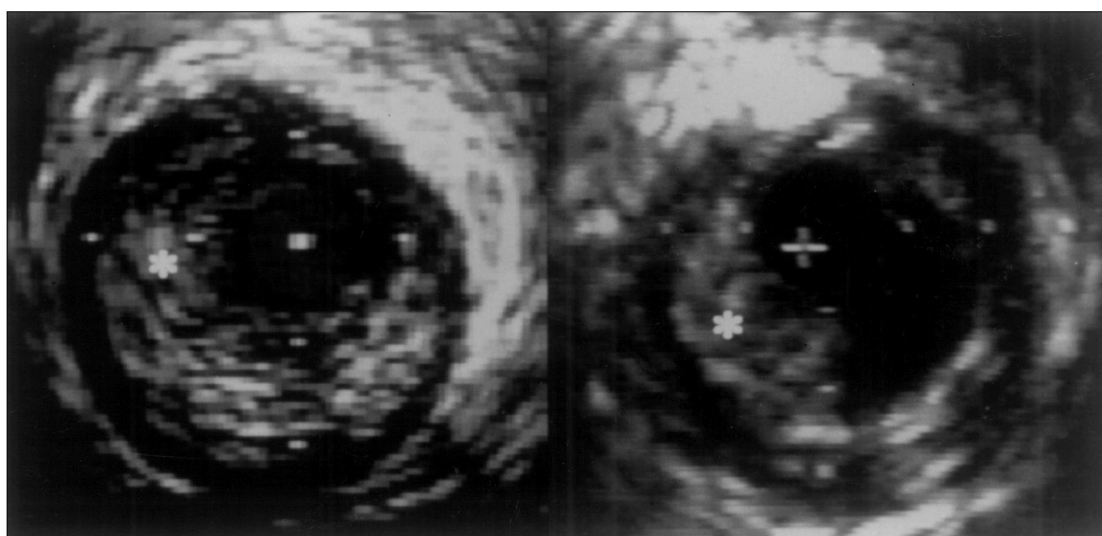


Fig. 3. Intraluminal low-echogenic and speckled structures in contact with the plaque surface suggesting intracoronary thrombi (*).

(echoreflexion) soft plaque , hard
 plaque .
 acoustic shadowing
 (calcified plaque) , (arc)
 . - plaque
 ,
 plaque plaque
 . Plaque
 (rupture) plaque echo -
 free, low echogenic zone
 .
 synchronic puls -
 ation , low echogenic

통계분석

Windows SPSS(version 7.0)

± ,
 p 0.05 .

결 과

2.7 (30 8

6 (5.6±3.1 ; 1 14

관동맥 조영술

(infarct - related art -
 ery) 가 11 ,

가 2 가 9 ,

1 .

0.8 mm

(% diameter stenosis) 75%(30 100%) (Ta -
 ble 1). 8 ,

1

30%(2.1 mm)

혈관내 초음파

2

Table 1. Coronary angiographic results

Infarct-related artery	LAD ¹	11
	LCX ²	2
	RCA ³	9
Minimal luminal diameter (mm)	0.8± 0.4 (0 - 1.7)	
% diameter stenosis (%)	74.5± 18.1 (30 - 100)	

1: Left anterior descending artery

2: Left circumflex artery

3: Right coronary artery

plaque
 가 (soft plaque) 10 (45.5%) ,
 plaque 11
 (hard plaque or calcified plaque)
 12 (54.5%) .

Plaque margin plaque
 soft plaque calcified plaque
 2 , soft plaque 3 plaque
 가 (echo - free) 가
 1

plaque

(erosion)

8 (36.4%) soft
 hard/calcified plaque 2 6 ,
 plaque 가 1 가 2 .

2

plaque

가

가 (sparkling)

가 (impacted)

(Table 2).

15

가 5

,

7

가 3

Table 2. Plaque morphology and intracoronary thrombi

Soft plaque (n = 10, 45.5%)	Only	6
	with rupture	2
	with thrombi	1
	with erosion & thrombi	1
Hard plaque (n = 1, 4.5%)	Only	1
Calcified plaque (n = 11, 50.0%)	Only	4
	with rupture	1
	with thrombi	5
	with rupture & thrombi	1

Table 3. Locations of calcification in plaque (n = 11)

Superficial	4
Deep	6
Superficial and deep	1

(33% vs. 42%)
($p=0.51$).
Plaque 11 (50.0%)
plaque 4 ,
가 6 ,
가 1 , calcified plaque 1.3
79 °
(focal) (Table 3).
49 ± 20% 72 ± 15% plaque
(eccentricity index)가 3.0
가 12 (54.5%) , 3.1
± 1.7 .

고 찰

22
Bocksch
6 (3.5)
3F
가
(11)
plaque
가

80%
, plaque
plaque 2)8)
가
plaque
tic impedance가 12)
hard plaque
soft plaque
plaque
Hodgson ,
soft plaque가
(41% vs. 74%)
plaque 55%가
hard, calcified pl -
aque 13) Necropsy
Richardson plaque
가
, soft plaque
soft plaque가
14) hard, calcified plaq -
ue가 soft plaque cal -
cified plaque가 , 50%
plaque
80%
plaque 가
plaque
가 11)
(direct percutaneous tra -
nsluminal coronary angioplasty) ,
soft plaque pla -

que 가 가 hard, cal - ,
 cified plaque 가 가 . 가 6
 (sc - 가 .¹⁸⁾
 intillating) (speckle) , 가
 , 가 ,
 (echogenic intensity) . ,
 가 .¹⁵⁾ synchro - (angioscopy)
 nic pulsation , 가
 가 가
 (imprinting) (protruding) ,
 .¹⁶⁾ lining
 , 가 . Jain
 (directional coronary atherectomy, DCA) (83% vs. 63%) 가 .¹⁹⁾
 15
 5 ,
 ,
 soft plaque 가 .¹⁷⁾ lining ,
 Frimerman model
 (frequency)가 plaque
 20 MHz 가 .²⁰⁾²¹⁾ plaque
 가 , (dissection), (fissure), (erosion)
 23%(5) , Bocksch
 .¹⁵⁾ 30% ,
 plaque
 linear . plaque ,
 50 m plaque
 8 , 가
 5.6 , plaque
 가 ,
 .²²⁾ Farb
 50 55% plaque
 plaque
 (36.4%), Bocksch 6 .²³⁾ plaque
 88% ,
 Chermarin - Alibelli
 5
 5 ,

50% . 11)24)

plaque 가

plaque burden

연구의 제한점

22

1 2

Bosch 가

soft plaque

17)

characterization 가

가

요 약

연구배경 :

가

plaque

plaque ,

가

대상 및 방법 :

22 (19)

6

15

heparin aspirin

결 과 :

1) 2

$74.5 \pm 18.1\%$

2) soft plaque가 10 (45.5%)

hard plaque calcified plaque 12 (54.5%)

Plaque 3 , plaque

가 가 1

8 (36.4%)

3)

$49.0 \pm 19.6\%$ $71.6 \pm 15.3\%$

, plaque 3.1 ± 1.7

4)

결 론 :

plaque ,

중심 단어 :

1995

1997

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